



Q4

Quarterly Market Review
Fourth Quarter 2024

Quarterly Market Summary

Returns (USD), as of December 31, 2024



	Stocks				Bonds	
	US Stock Market	International Developed Stocks	Emerging Markets Stocks	Global Real Estate	US Bond Market	Global Bond Market ex US
Q4 2024	2.63% 	-7.43% 	-8.01% 	-9.02% 	-3.06% 	0.74%
Since January 2001						
Average Quarterly Return	2.4%	1.6%	2.5%	2.2%	0.9%	1.0%
Best Quarter	22.0% 2020 Q2	25.9% 2009 Q2	34.7% 2009 Q2	32.3% 2009 Q3	6.8% 2023 Q4	5.4% 2023 Q4
Worst Quarter	-22.8% 2008 Q4	-23.3% 2020 Q1	-27.6% 2008 Q4	-36.1% 2008 Q4	-5.9% 2022 Q1	-4.1% 2022 Q1

Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Indices are not available for direct investment. Index performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. Market segment (index representation) as follows: US Stock Market (Russell 3000 Index), International Developed Stocks (MSCIWorld ex USA Index [net dividends]), Emerging Markets (MSCI Emerging Markets Index [net dividends]), Global Real Estate (S&P Global REIT Index [net dividends]), US Bond Market (Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index) and Global Bond Market ex US (Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Bond Index [hedged to USD]). S&P data © 2025 S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global. All rights reserved. Frank Russell Company is the source and owner of the trademarks, service marks, and copyrights related to the Russell Indexes. MSCI data © MSCI 2025, all rights reserved. Bloomberg data provided by Bloomberg.

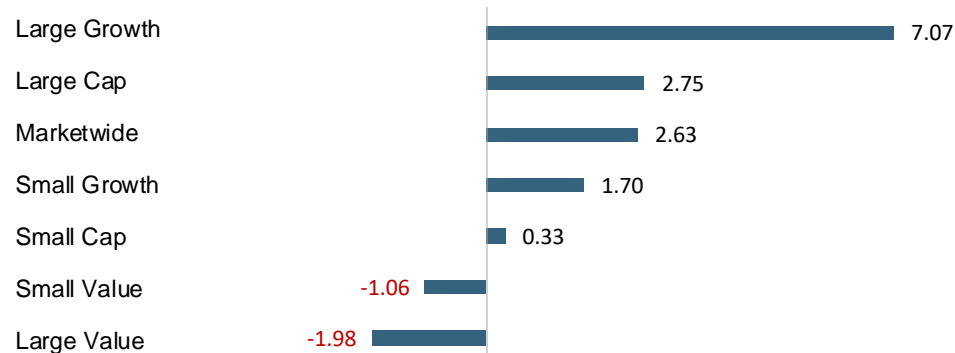
US Stocks

Returns (USD), 4th Quarter 2024

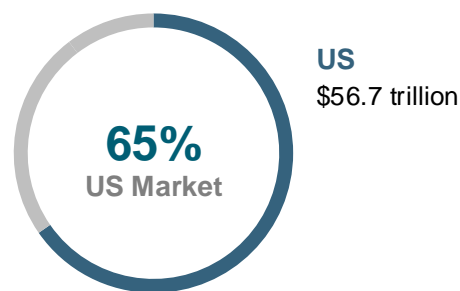


- The US equity market posted positive returns for the quarter and outperformed both non-US developed and emerging markets.
- Value underperformed growth.
- Small caps underperformed large caps.
- REIT indices underperformed equity market indices.

Ranked Returns (%)



World Market Capitalization



Periodic Returns (%)

Asset Class	QTR	ANNUALIZED					
		1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years
Large Growth	7.07	33.36	10.47	18.96	16.78	16.45	12.56
Large Cap	2.75	24.51	8.41	14.28	12.87	13.79	10.39
Marketwide	2.63	23.81	8.01	13.86	12.55	13.56	10.22
Small Growth	1.70	15.15	0.21	6.86	8.09	10.92	8.32
Small Cap	0.33	11.54	1.24	7.40	7.82	10.33	7.79
Small Value	-1.06	8.05	1.94	7.29	7.14	9.46	7.01
Large Value	-1.98	14.37	5.63	8.68	8.49	10.75	7.89

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Long-Term Market Summary



Returns (USD), as of December 31, 2024

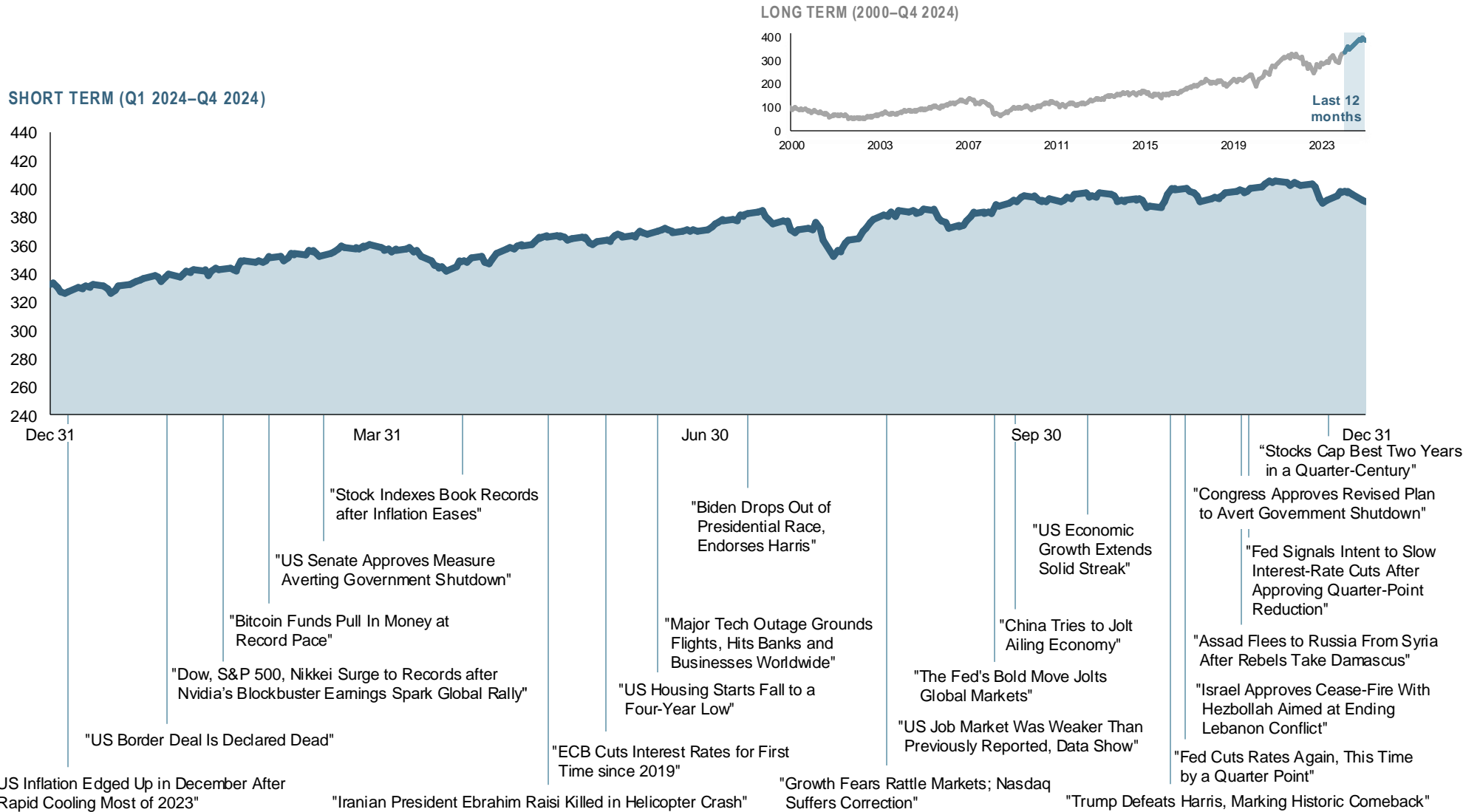
	Stocks				Bonds	
	US Stock Market	International Developed Stocks	Emerging Markets Stocks	Global Real Estate	US Bond Market	Global Bond Market ex US
1 Year	23.81% ↑	4.70% ↑	7.50% ↑	2.77% ↑	1.25% ↑	4.97% ↑
5 Years	13.86% ↑	5.10% ↑	1.70% ↑	0.46% ↑	-0.33% ↓	1.01% ↑
10 Years	12.55% ↑	5.26% ↑	3.64% ↑	2.98% ↑	1.35% ↑	2.43% ↑
15 Years	13.56% ↑	5.25% ↑	3.01% ↑	6.28% ↑	2.37% ↑	3.18% ↑
20 Years	10.22% ↑	4.95% ↑	6.01% ↑	4.38% ↑	3.01% ↑	3.54% ↑

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World Stock Market Performance



MSCI All Country World Index with selected headlines from past 12 months



These headlines are not offered to explain market returns. Instead, they serve as a reminder that investors should view daily events from a long-term perspective and avoid making investment decisions based solely on the news.

Graph Source: MSCI ACWI Index (net dividends). MSCI data © MSCI 2025, all rights reserved. Index level based at 100 starting January 2000.

It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Performance does not reflect the expenses associated with management of an actual portfolio. **Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.**

Stock Market Cycles

S&P 500 Index over the past 50 years (Log Scale)

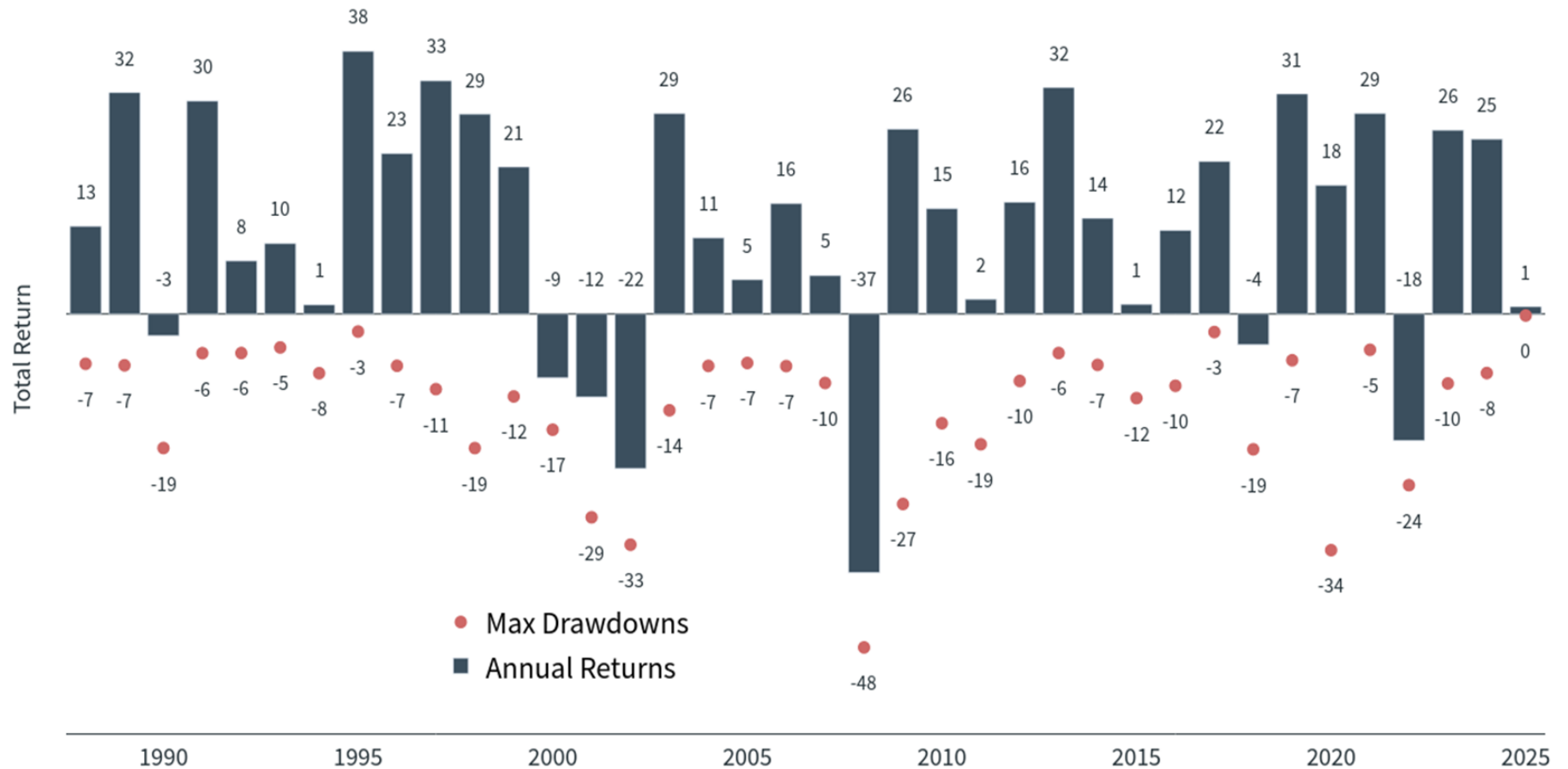


Latest data point is Jan 3, 2025

- As this chart shows, the stock market has performed well over the past 50 years despite short-term ups and downs.
- These periods of turbulence were due to economic, political and global turmoil during those decades.
- This emphasizes the importance of staying invested, rather than focusing on days or months, especially as volatility rises.

Total Returns and Pullbacks

S&P 500 Index total returns. Max drawdown represents the biggest intra-year decline



Latest data point is Jan 3, 2025

- This chart shows total returns of the stock market (bars) and the largest intra-year decline (dots) each year.
- The average year sees a significant intra-year drop. However, most years still end in positive territory, especially with dividends.
- Volatility in prices is a normal part of investing. It is important to not forget that investments also generate income.

Source: Clearnomics, Standard & Poor's

The Stock Market and Earnings

S&P 500 Index price and trailing earnings-per-share since 1990



Latest data point is Jan 3, 2025

- This chart shows the S&P 500 index alongside its trailing 12 months earnings-per-share.
- Over the long run, the stock market tends to follow earnings. If earnings are rising, investors are willing to pay more per share.
- Earnings, in turn, tend to track economic growth. Thus, a healthy economy tends to result in a rising stock market.

Sources: Clearnomics, LSEG, Standard & Poor's

Interest Rates

10-year and 2-year yields since 2010



Latest data point is Jan 3, 2025

- Interest rates have risen recently due to the strength of the underlying economy.
- The 10-year Treasury yield has been volatile as investors worry about the path of economic growth.

Sources: Clearnomics,
Federal Reserve

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Unemployment Rates

U-3 unemployment and U-6 under-employment rates, since 1960



Latest data point is Nov 2024

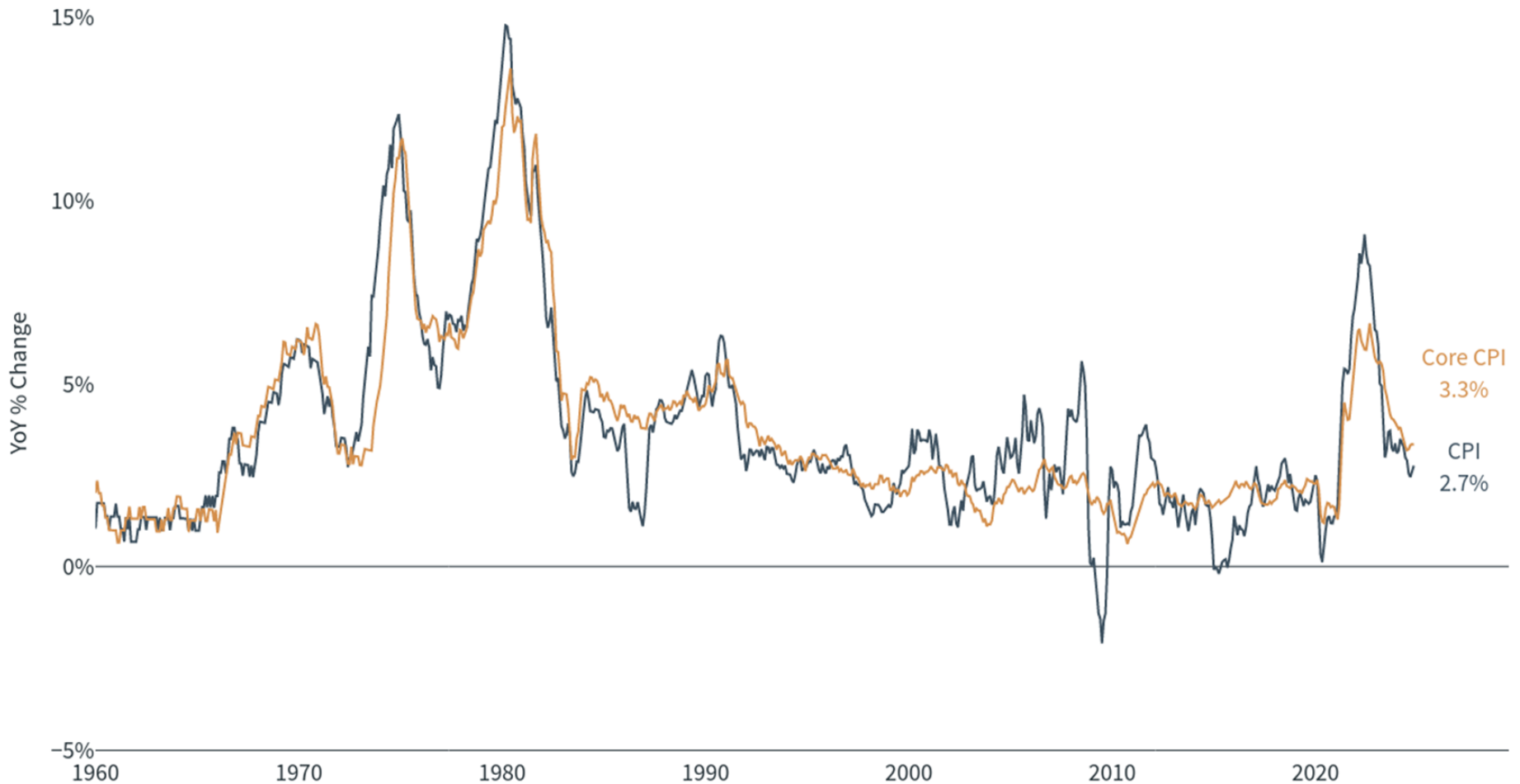
- Unemployment has risen but is still near the lowest in over 50 years despite high interest rates.
- Even the so-called under-employment rate has fallen to near historic lows as jobs remain plentiful.
- The labor market remains strong despite higher rates, resulting in what many investors refer to as a soft landing.

Sources: Clearnomics,
Bureau of Labor Statistics

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Consumer Price Index

CPI and Ex Food and Energy, YoY % Change



Latest data point is Nov 2024

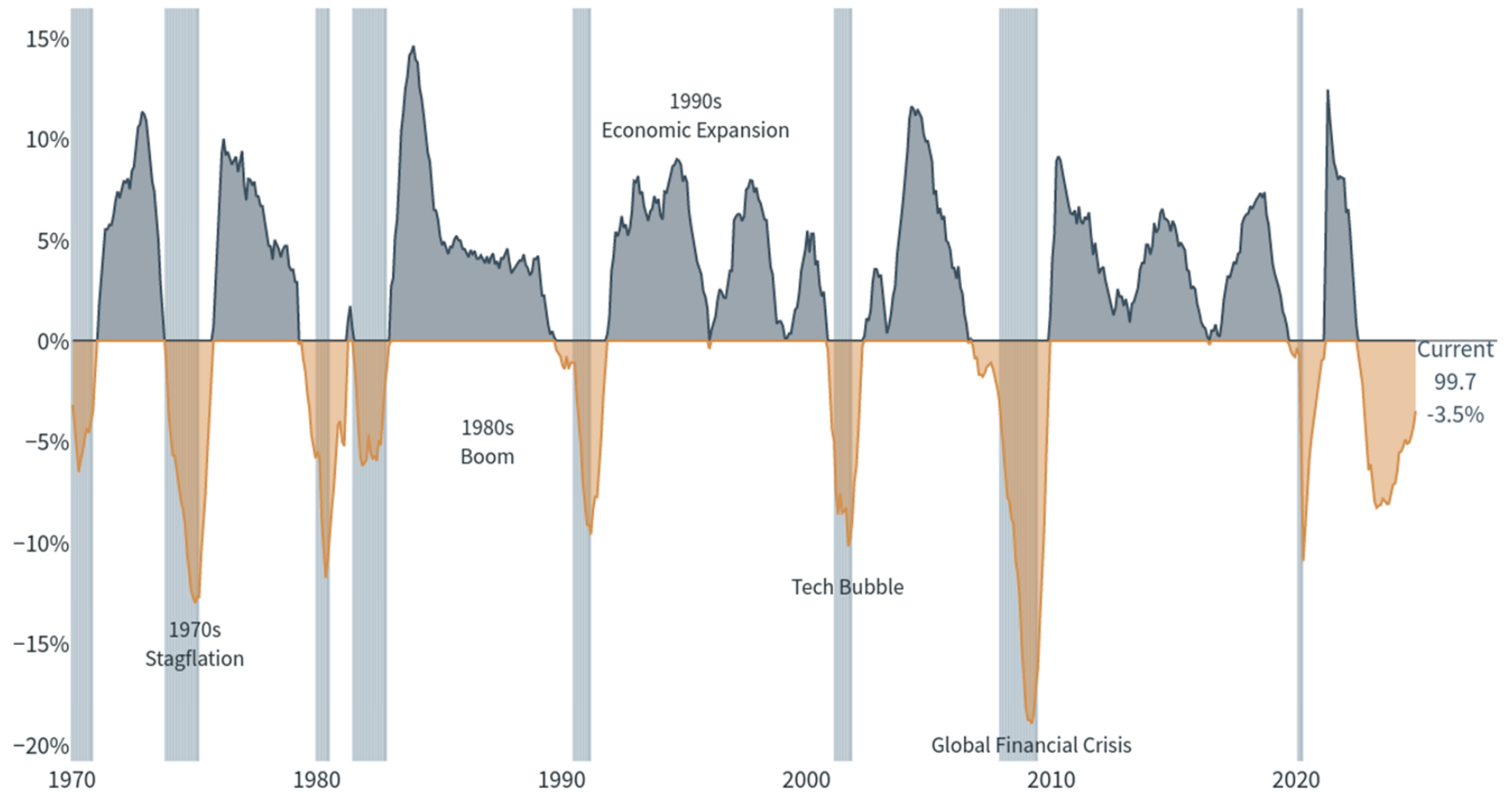
- CPI is a commonly cited measure of inflation. It uses a basket of goods and services to track price changes for consumers.
- In order to measure the underlying trend in inflation, rather than temporary shocks to food and energy, economists often focus on core CPI.
- There are signs that inflation continues to subside and that price pressures could gradually return to the Fed's target.

Sources: Cleonomics,
Bureau of Labor Statistics

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Leading Economic Indicators

Conference Board LEI year-over-year percent change
Recessions are shaded



Latest data point is Nov 2024

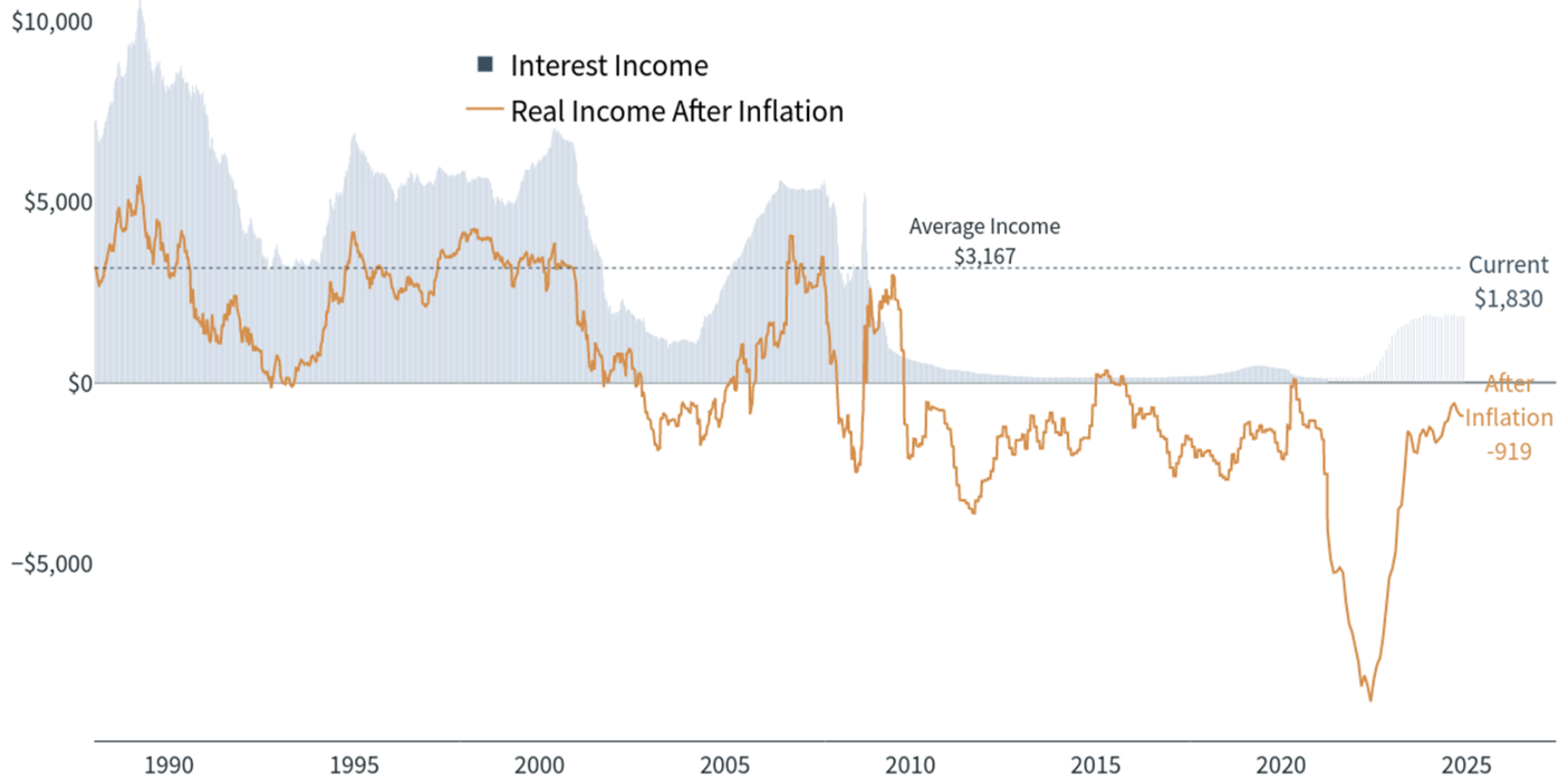
- This chart shows the year-over-year percent change in an index of leading economic indicators.
- This indicator usually turns negative several months before a recession as the economy decelerates.
- This pattern is also evident over the prior seven recessions and is the result of the economic cycle.

Sources: Clearnomics,
Conference Board,
NBER, LSEG

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Interest Income on Cash

\$100k invested in 6-month CDs against inflation. Actual rates may vary



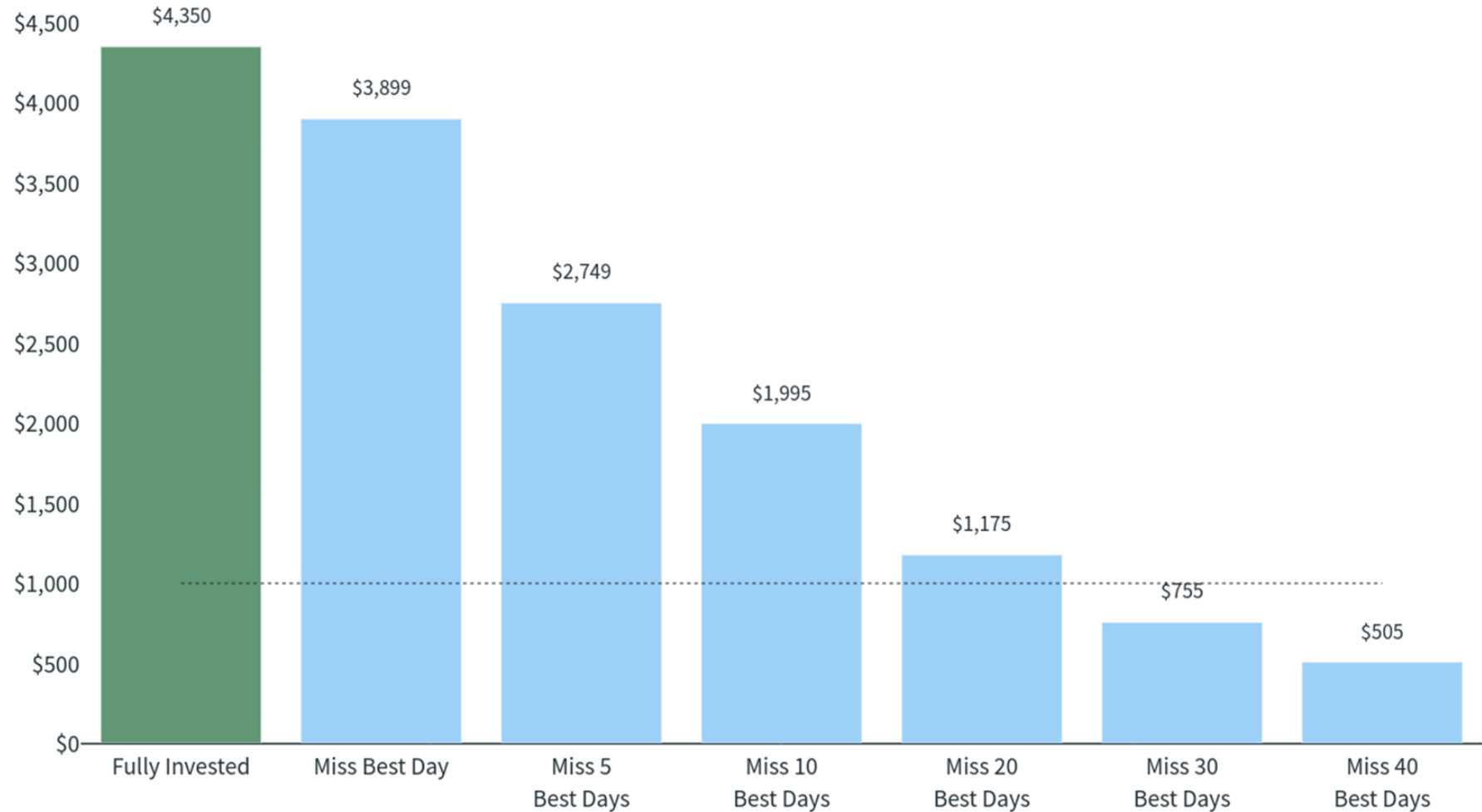
Latest data point is Dec 2024

- Generating income from safe investments has been challenging since the global financial crisis.
- The income generated by cash, including CDs and savings accounts, has lagged inflation.
- This might worsen as interest rates decline due to Fed rate cuts.

Sources: Clearnomics, FDIC

Staying Invested: Missing the Best Days

*The impact of missing the best market days over the past 25 years
Based on an initial \$1,000 investment using S&P 500 returns before transaction costs*



Latest data point is Jan 4, 2025

- Staying invested is a key principle of long-term financial success.
- This chart shows the impact of missing the best market days over the past 25 years.
- Staying invested through ups and downs can make a significant difference in final investment outcomes.

Sources: Clearnomics, Standard & Poor's

Definitions and Methodology

The **S&P 500** is a market capitalization-weighted index of large cap U.S. stocks. U.S. **mid cap** and **small cap** are the S&P 400 and S&P 600, respectively. **Value** and **growth** are the corresponding Standard & Poor's value and growth indices.

MSCI EM is an index of emerging market stocks. **MSCI EAFE** is an index of developed market stocks. **MSCI ACWI** is an index of global stocks.

The **forward P/E** is a ratio of the current market price of an index divided by an estimate of earnings over the next twelve months. The **Shiller P/E** is based on Robert Shiller's cyclically adjusted price-to-earnings ratio.

The **AAll Investor Sentiment** index is based on a weekly survey conducted by AAll.

Unless stated otherwise, **earnings** and **valuations** data are from LSEG indices.

The **LEI**, or Leading Economic Index, is produced monthly by the Conference Board.

Consumer sentiment indices are based on surveys conducted by the University of Michigan Surveys of Consumers.

Asset Class Performance and Asset Classes Relative to U.S.

Stocks charts: The EM, EAFE, Small Cap, Fixed Income and Commodities are these indices, respectively: MSCI EM, MSCI EAFE, Russell 2000, Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index, Bloomberg Commodity Index.

Fixed Income Performance: All sectors are represented by the Bloomberg bond indices except for EMD USD and Local which are the JPMorgan EMBIG Diversified Index and JPMorgan GBI-EM Core Index, respectively.

The Balanced Portfolio is a historical 60/40 index calculation consisting of 40% U.S. Large Cap, 5% Small Cap, 10% International Developed Equities, 5% Emerging Market Equities, 35% U.S. Bonds, and 5% Commodities.

The **Bloomberg Commodity Index** is a broadly diversified basket of physical commodities futures contracts.

The **DXY** is a U.S. dollar index based on a basket of currencies, including the Euro, Yen, Pound, Canadian Dollar, Swedish Krona and Swiss Franc.

Portfolio Risk/Reward and Portfolio Drift Since 2009 charts: stocks and bonds are the S&P 500 and Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate bond index, respectively. Each portfolio represents a historical stock/bond asset allocation.

The **MSCI Factor** indices are created and maintained by MSCI to capture factor returns. They cover various factors including Quality, Size, Momentum, Volatility, Value and Yield. The Multi-Factor index tracks the performance of Value, Momentum, Quality and Size.

The **MSCI USA** index tracks large and mid cap U.S. stocks.

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